

# STIC Search Report

## STIC Database Tracking Number 2015

TO: Dawn Garrett

Location: REM 10C79

Art Unit : 1774 February 22, 2007

Case Serial Number: 10/786811

From: Mei Huang Location: EIC 1700

**REMSEN 4B28** 

Phone: 571/272-3952 Mei.huang@uspto.gov

## Search Notes

Examiner Garrett,

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or if you would like to refine the search query,

Thank you for using STIC services!

Mei Huang



```
=> fil hcap

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:19:56 ON 22 FEB 2007

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PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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#### => d his nofile

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:17:28 ON 22 FEB 2007)

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:17:39 ON 22 FEB 2007
D SAV
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ACT GAR811A/A \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ L1 STR SCR 2043 L2L3 ( 39814) SEA SSS FUL L1 AND L2 L4 STR 441) SEA SUB=L3 SSS FUL L4 L5 ( 198) SEA L5 AND ?AZOLE?/CNS L6 ( L7 ( 72) SEA 'L6 L8 QUE ELECTROLUM!N? OR ORGANOLUM!N? OR (ELECTRO OR ORGANO OR ORG#) (2A) LUM!N? OR LIGHT (2A) (EMISSION? OR EMIT?) OR EL OR E(W)L OR OLED OR L(W)E(W)D OR LED/IT L9 8) SEA L8 AND L7 15) SEA L6(L) DEV/RL L10 ( L11 ( 8) SEA L6(L) L8 L12 ( 1) SEA L6 (L) AZOLE# L13 ( 8) SEA L9 OR L11 OR L12 L14 ( 8) SEA L10 NOT L13 L15 ( 56) SEA L7 NOT (L13 OR L14) L16 QUE 73/SC,SX QUE (74 OR 76)/SC,SX L17 3) SEA L15 AND L16 L18 ( L19 ( 12) SEA L15 AND L17 L20 (· 15) SEA L18 OR L19 41 SEA L15 NOT L20 L21

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:19:56 ON 22 FEB 2007

SEL L21 HIT RN

#### => d l21 ibib abs fhitstr hitind 1-41

```
L21 ANSWER 1 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:413724 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         139:150004
TITLE:
                         Self-assembly of a derivatized PPV and a
                         functionalized fullerene by hydrogen bonding
AUTHOR(S):
                         Fang, Hongjuan; Shi, Zhiqiang; Li, Yuliang;
                         Xiao, Shengqiang; Li, Hongmei; Liu, Huibiao;
                         Zhu, Daoben
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Center for Molecular Sciences, Institute of
                         Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing,
                         100080, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE:
                         Synthetic Metals (2003), 135-136, 843-844
                         CODEN: SYMEDZ; ISSN: 0379-6779
```

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V. DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB A new self-assembly system of functionalized carbazole-p-phenylene copolymer with organo-fullerene by a three-point hydrogen bonding interaction was synthesized. The formation of hydrogen bonding was confirmed by 1H-NMR and fluorescence quenching expts.

IT 532933-06-5P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(self-assembly of functionalized carbazole-p-phenylene copolymer and organo-fullerene by hydrogen bonding)

RN 532933-06-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[[9-[3-(3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-pyrimidinyl)propyl]-9H-carbazole-3,6-diyl]-1,2-ethenediyl[2,5-bis(pentyloxy)-1,4-phenylene]-1,2-ethenediyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 36

IT 532933-04-3P 532933-05-4P 532933-06-5P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(self-assembly of functionalized carbazole-p-phenylene copolymer and organo-fullerene by hydrogen bonding)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:173037 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:208797

TITLE: Functionalized amide or imide polymers as

corrosion inhibitors on metal surface in aqueous

systems

INVENTOR(S): Ghosh, Tirthankar; Hann, William M.; Weinstein,

Barry

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rohm and Haas Company, USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND   | DATE         | APPLICATION NO.   | DATE         |
|------------------------|--------|--------------|---|--------------|
| EP 1288338             | A1     | 20030305     | EP 2002-255836  | 200208       |
|                        | LT, LV | , FI, RO, MK | , GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,<br>, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ,<br>CA 2002-2398425 |              |
| CN 1407058             | Δ      | 20030402     | CN 2002-141603  | 200208<br>20 |
| •                      |        |              |   | 200209<br>02 |
| JP 2003183863          |        |              | JP 2002-257014  | 200209<br>02 |
| US 2003063998          | A1     | 20030403     | US 2002-234861  | 200209<br>04 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |        |              | US 2001-316292P P   | 200109<br>04 |

The polymeric corrosion inhibitors are based on ethylenically unsatd. monomer and an imide or amide with pendant heterocyclic groups, and are suitable for preventing metal corrosion in aqueous systems having pH of 6-10. The polymers are added at ≤5% by weight (preferably 1-100 ppm), have low toxicity, and form a protective barrier film on metal or alloy surface in aqueous systems. The polymers are resistant to oxidizing biocides, and to repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive agents. The typical corrosion inhibitor is a copolymer of maleic anhydride and diisobutylene, is postfunctionalized with aminopropyl imidazole, and at 3 ppm shows Cu protection in aqueous NaOCl solution comparable to that of benzotriazole.

IT 500214-05-1P, Acrylic acid-1-(4-vinylbenzyl)imidazole copolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(corrosion inhibitors; amide or imide functionalized polymers as aqueous corrosion inhibitors for metals)

RN 500214-05-1 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

CC

IC ICM C23F011-173 ICS C08F008-32

56-10 (Nonferrous Metals and Alloys)

Section cross-reference(s): 38 107-85-7DP, reaction products with maleic anhydride, polymers IT 107-95-9DP, β-Alanine, reaction products with maleic anhydride 108-30-5DP, Succinic anhydride, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 111-86-4DP, Octylamine, reaction products with maleic anhydride, polymers 141-43-5DP, Ethanolamine, reaction products with maleic anhydride polymers 288-32-4DP, Imidazole, reaction products with poly(Bu acrylate) 4200-92-4DP, 2-Octylsuccinic anhydride, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 6338-55-2DP, Triethylene glycol monoamine, reaction products with maleic anhydride polymers 9003-49-0DP, Poly(butyl acrylate), reaction products with imidazole 9011-13-6DP, Maleic anhydride-styrene copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 9011-16-9DP, Maleic anhydride-methyl vinyl ether copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 13364-16-4DP, 2-Methyl-1-pentylamine, reaction products with maleic anhydride, polymers 25119-83-9DP, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 26298-63-5DP, Butyl vinyl ether-maleic anhydride copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3aminopropyl) imidazole 29697-06-1P, Maleic anhydride-2-methoxyethyl vinyl ether copolymer 34229-21-5DP, Diisobutene-maleic anhydride copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 111306-63-9DP, Maleic anhydride-1-octadecene alternating copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 115678-70-1DP, Maleic anhydride-1-tetradecene alternating copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 126594-92-1P, Acrylic acid-allyl 2-hydroxypropyl ether copolymer 126657-21-4DP, reaction products with maleic anhydride polymers 133126-36-0DP, Maleic

anhydride-vinyl acetate alternating copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole 146915-07-3DP, Limonene-maleic anhydride copolymer, reaction products with 1-(3aminopropyl) imidazole 500214-05-1P, Acrylic acid-1-(4-vinylbenzyl)imidazole copolymer 500214-06-2P, Acrylic acid-1-acryloylbenzotriazole copolymer 500214-07-3P, Allylimidazole-maleic anhydride copolymer 500214-08-4P, Diisobutylene-ethyl acrylate-vinylimidazole copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(corrosion inhibitors; amide or imide functionalized polymers as aqueous corrosion inhibitors for metals)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L21 ANSWER 3 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

6

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:172980 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:205816

TITLE:

Polymeric copper corrosion inhibiting

compositions

INVENTOR (S):

Ghosh, Tirthankar; Hann, William M.; Weinstein,

Barry

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rohm and Haas Company, USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| . PA          | TENT 1          | NO.      |     |     | KIN       |     | DATE  | :<br>              | Į. | APPL | ICAT  | ION : | NO. |     | D   | ATE        |
|---------------|-----------------|----------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-------|--------------------|----|------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| EP            | 12882           | -<br>232 |     |     | A2        |     | 2003  | 0305               | F  | EP 2 | 002-  | 2558  | 33  |     | _   | 00208      |
| EP            | 12882<br>R:     | AT,      | BE, | CH, | DE,       | DK, | , ES, | 0114<br>FR,<br>RO, |    |      |       |       |     |     | SE, |            |
| CA            | 23984           |          |     |     |           |     |       |                    |    |      |       |       |     | C2, |     | 00208      |
| CN            | 14069           | 988      |     |     | A         |     | 2003  | 0402               |    | CN 2 | 002-  | 1416  | 04  |     | 2   | 00209      |
| JP            | 2003            | 1763:    | 19  |     | A         |     | 2003  | 0624               | J  | JP 2 | 002-  | 2569  | 79  |     | _   | 2<br>00209 |
| us            | 20030           | 0651:    | 16  |     | <b>A1</b> |     | 2003  | 0403               | υ  | JS 2 | 002-  | 2349  | 17  |     | 2   | 2<br>00209 |
| US<br>PRIORIT | 66460<br>Y APPI |          |     |     | B2        |     | 2003  | 1111               | U  | JS 2 | 001-: | 3162  | 91P | 1   | P 2 | 00109<br>4 |

ABA new class of polymeric corrosion inhibiting compns. incorporating pendant heterocyclic groups which are surprisingly effective copper corrosion inhibitors are disclosed. The polymers form a protective

barrier on metallic components to aqueous systems and remain substantive on metallic surfaces over a wide pH range. Moreover, the polymers are resistant to oxidizing biocides, and are substantially impervious to repeated or prolonged exposure to corrosive agents. Thus, modifying a diisobutylene-maleic anhydride copolymer with 1-(3-aminopropyl)imidazole gave a polymeric corrosion inhibitor. 500214-05-1P, Acrylic acid-1-(4-vinylbenzyl)imidazole copolymer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (inhibitor; manufacture of polymeric copper corrosion inhibiting compns. for copper) RN 500214-05-1 HCAPLUS 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-CN imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM

CRN

78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7 C3 H4 O2 CMF

IC ICM C08F022-40 ICS C23F011-173

37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 56

IT 107-85-7DP, reaction products with succinic anhydride copolymers and aminopropylimidazole 107-95-9DP, β-Alanine, reaction products with succinic anhydride copolymers and aminopropylimidazole 111-86-4DP, n-Octylamine, reaction products with succinic anhydride copolymers and aminopropylimidazole 288-32-4DP, Imidazole, reaction products with unsatd. polymers 5036-48-6DP, 1-(3-Aminopropyl)imidazole, imidized with succinic anhydride

6338-55-2DP, Triethylene glycol monoamine, reaction products with succinic anhydride copolymers and aminopropylimidazole 9003-49-0DP, Butyl acrylate polymer, imidazole derivative 9011-07-8DP, Maleic anhydride-vinyl acetate copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 9011-13-6DP, Maleic anhydride-styrene copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 13364-16-4DP, 2-Methyl-1-pentylamine, reaction products with succinic anhydride copolymers and aminopropylimidazole 24937-72-2DP, Maleic anhydride polymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 25119-83-9DP, Acrylic acid; butyl acrylate copolymer, reaction products with aminopropylimidazole 26298-63-5DP, Butyl vinyl ether-maleic anhydride copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 29697-06-1DP, 2-Methoxyethyl vinyl ether-maleic anhydride copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 34229-21-5DP, Diisobutylene-maleic anhydride copolymer, hydrolyzed, amidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 34229-21-5DP, Diisobutylene-maleic anhydride copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 52229-50-2DP, Gantrez AN 119, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 106209-33-0DP, SMA 1000, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 146915-07-3DP, Limonene-maleic anhydride copolymer, imidized with aminopropylimidazole and optionally with other amine 500214-05-1P, Acrylic acid-1-(4-vinylbenzyl)imidazole copolymer 500214-06-2P, Acrylic acid-1-acrylobenzotriazole copolymer 500214-07-3P, Allylimidazole-maleic anhydride copolymer 500214-08-4P, Diisobutylene-ethyl acrylate-vinylimidazole copolymer 500218-85-9P 500218-86-0P 500218-88-2P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (inhibitor; manufacture of polymeric copper corrosion inhibiting compns. for copper)

L21 ANSWER 4 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:805299 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:131896

TITLE:

N-phenyl-substituted polybenzimidazoles based on aromatic diamines and imidoyl chlorides of mono-

and dicarboxylic acids

AUTHOR (S):

Tonevitskii, Yu. V.; Mognonov, D. M.; Sanzhizhapov, D. B.; Doroshenko, Yu. E.; Khakhinov, V. V.; Samsonova, V. G.; Botoeva, S.

ο.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Buryat State University, Ulan-Ude, 670000,

Russia

SOURCE:

Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A i

Seriya B (2000), 42(6), 1054-1059 CODEN: VSSBEE; ISSN: 1023-3091

PUBLISHER: MAIK Nauka
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian

AB N-Phenyl-substituted polybenzimidazoles have been synthesized using a two-stage oxidative cyclopolycondensation of bis(diphenylimidoyl chlorides) and aromatic diamines. The resulting polybenzimidazoles are characterized by a good solubility in organic solvents and high heat resistance. Considerable difference between the softening and decomposition onset temps. observed for the polymers allow one to prepare films and molding materials exhibiting good mech. properties.

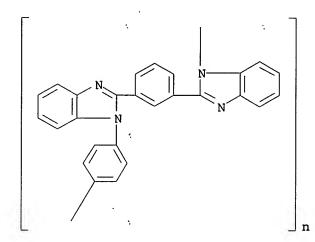
```
IT 52278-03-2P
```

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(N-phenyl-substituted polybenzimidazoles based on aromatic diamines and imidoyl chlorides of mono-and dicarboxylic acids)

RN 52278-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,3-phenylene-1H-benzimidazole-2,1-diyl-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 37, 38

IT 40935-70-4P 40935-71-5P **52278-03-2P** 321661-69-2P

321661-71-6P 321661-73-8P 321661-76-1P 321661-78-3P

321661-80-7P 321661-81-8P 321661-83-0P

321661-84-1P 321661-86-3P 321661-89-6P 321661-90-9P

321661-91-0P 321661-92-1P 321991-23-5P 321991-26-8P

321991-28-0P 321994-14-3P 321994-15-4P 321994-16-5P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

(Preparation)

(N-phenyl-substituted polybenzimidazoles based on aromatic diamines and imidoyl chlorides of mono-and dicarboxylic acids)

L21 ANSWER 5 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:784849 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:170505

TITLE:

Properties of poly(N-arylenebenzimidazoles) and

their preparation by aromatic nucleophilic

displacement

INVENTOR (S):

Connell, John W.; Hergenrother, Paul M.; Smith,

Joseph G. Jr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

United States National Aeronautics and Space

Administration, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 13 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

| US 5410012      | Α      | 19950425 | US 1993-45339  |    |        |
|-----------------|--------|----------|----------------|----|--------|
|                 |        |          |                |    | 199303 |
|                 |        |          |                |    | 05     |
| US 5554715      | A      | 19960910 | US 1995-375334 |    |        |
|                 |        |          |                |    | 199501 |
|                 |        |          |                |    | 17     |
| PRIORITY APPLN. | INFO.: |          | US 1993-45339  | A3 |        |
|                 |        |          |                |    | 199303 |
|                 |        |          |                |    | 05     |

GI

AΒ Novel poly(N-arylenebenzimidazoles) were prepared by aromatic nucleophilic displacement reaction of di(hydroxyphenyl-Narylenebenzimidazole) monomers with activated aromatic dihalides or activated aromatic dinitro compds. in polar aprotic solvents (e.g., N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone of DMF using alkali bases in N2 at elevated temperature). The di(hydroxyphenyl-N-arylenebenzimidazole) monomers are synthesized by reacting phenyl-4-hydroxybenzoate with bis (2-aminoanilino) arylenes in di-Ph sulfone. The polybenzimidazoles are of general formula I, in which the catenation of O is meta-meta, para-para, or para-meta, and Ar is II [U is a radical selected from 1,4-phenylene, 1,3-phenylene, or C6H4YC6H4 (Y = CH2, CO, S, O, SO2, or 9,9-difluorenylene)], and X = CO, SO2, isophthaloyl, terephthaloyl, and aromatic diketo substituents. IT 151967-29-2P

II

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(properties of poly(N-arylenebenzimidazoles) and their preparation by aromatic nucleophilic displacement)

RN 151967-29-2 HCAPLUS

CN

Poly(1H-benzimidazole-2,1-diyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl-1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylenesulfonyl-1,4-phenyleneoxy-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ICM C08G073-18 INCL 528125000 35-1 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 25 151967-29-2P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (properties of poly(N-arylenebenzimidazoles) and their preparation by aromatic nucleophilic displacement) IT 151967-28-1P 151967-30-5P 151967-31-6P 151967-32-7P 151967-33-8P 151967-34-9P 151989-30-9P 167546-90-9P 167546-91-0P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (properties of poly(N-arylenebenzimidazoles) and their preparation by aromatic nucleophilic displacement)

L21 ANSWER 6 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:218705 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

120:218705

TITLE:

Synthesis and properties of poly[arylene ether

(N-arylene benzimidazoles)]

AUTHOR(S):

Smith, J. G., Jr.; Connell, J. W.; Hergenrother,

P. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Langley Res. Cent., NASA, Hampton, VA,

23665-5225, USA

SOURCE:

Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society, Division of Polymer Chemistry) (1992), 33(1),

1098-100

CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

AB The reactions of 1,4-bis(2-aminoanilino) benzene and 4,4'-bis(2-aminoanilino) biphenyl with Ph 4-hydroxybenzoate gave 55-75% yields of the monomers 1,1'-(1,4-phenylene)-bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) benzimidazole] (I) and 1,1'-(4,4'-biphenylene)-bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl) benzimidazole] (II). Poly[arylene ether (N-arylene benzimidazoles)] were prepared via the nucleophilic displacement reaction of I and II with an activated aromatic difluoride. Chain

extension through the benzimidazole nitrogen avoided hydrogen bonding and had a pronounced effect on the chemical, phys. and mech.

CRN 151938-40-8 CMF C32 H22 N4 O2

CM 2

CRN 383-29-9 CMF C12 H8 F2 O2 S

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

151938-41-9P, 1,1'-(1,4-Phenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorodiphenyl sulfone copolymer 151938-43-1P, 1,4-Bis(4-fluorobenzoyl)benzene-1,1'-(4,4'-biphenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer 151938-44-2P, 1,4-Bis(4-fluorobenzoyl)benzene-1,1'-(1,4-phenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer 151938-45-3P, 1,3-Bis(4-fluorobenzoyl)benzene-1,1'-(4,4'-biphenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer 151938-46-4P, 1,3-Bis(4-fluorobenzoyl)benzene-1,1'-(1,4-phenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer 151938-50-0P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer 151938-50-0P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorodiphenyl sulfone copolymer

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151965-82-1P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene)bis[2-(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorobenzophenone copolymer
     151965-83-2P, 1,1'-(1,4-Phenylene)bis[2-(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorobenzophenone copolymer
     151967-28-1P, 1,1'-(1,4-Phenylene)bis[2-(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorodiphenyl sulfone
     copolymer, SRU 151967-29-2P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene)bis[2-
     (4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorodiphenyl sulfone
     copolymer, SRU 151967-30-5P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene)bis[2-
     (4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorobenzophenone copolymer,
     SRU 151967-31-6P, 1,1'-(1,4-Phenylene)bis[2-(4-
     hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole]-4,4'-difluorobenzophenone copolymer,
     SRU 151967-32-7P 151967-33-8P
     151967-34-9P, 1,3-Bis (4-fluorobenzoyl) benzene-1,1'-(4,4'-
     biphenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer, SRU
     151989-30-9P, 1,3-Bis (4-fluorobenzoyl) benzene-1,1'-(1,4-
     phenylene)bis[2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] copolymer, SRU
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation and properties of)
L21 ANSWER 7 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1994:135682 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         120:135682
TITLE:
                         Structure and properties of
                         poly (naphthoyleneimidobenzimidazole) -
                         poly(quinazolonobenzimidazole) block copolymers
AUTHOR (S):
                         Nikol'skii, O. G.; Ponomarev, I. I.; Perov, N.
                         S.; Martirosov, V. A.; Zhukov, v. P.;
                         Obolonkova, E. S.; Bulkin, A. F.; Zakharov, A.
                         V.; Skuratova, N. A.; Rusanov, A. L.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Inst. Synth. Polym. Mater., Moscow, 117393,
                         Russia
SOURCE:
                         Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya A
                         (1993), 35(9), 1473-9
                         CODEN: VYSAAF; ISSN: 0507-5475
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         Russian
     The structure and properties of poly(naphthoyleneimidobenzimidazole)
     , poly(quinazoloneobenzimidazole), their blends, and their block
     copolymer were studied. The polymers exhibited heterogeneous
     structure with uniform distribution of anisotropic formations.
     Anal. of dielec. and mech. relaxation data of polymer films,
     untreated and thermally treated, indicates that the presence of
     low-mol.-weight polar admixts. affects relaxation processes leading to
     high-level mol. mobility at low and high temps. Large-scale mol.
     mobility over the wide temperature range of β'-relaxation is
     possible. The films exhibit high stability under thermomech.
     testing. Polymers with high deformation-strength and elastic
     properties can be obtained by varying the length of blocks.
     153144-77-5
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (structure and properties of)
     153144-77-5 HCAPLUS
     Poly[(2-methyl-4-oxo-3,6(4H)-quinazolinediyl)methylene(2-methyl-4-
     oxo-6,3(4H)-quinazolinediyl)-1H-benzimidazole-5,2-diyl-1,4-
    phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

IT

RN

CN

CC 36-5 (Physical Properties of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 117955-19-8 117955-19-8 153144-77-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(structure and properties of)

L21 ANSWER 8 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:31372 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:31372

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of poly[arylene ether

(N-arylenebenzimidazole)s]

AUTHOR(S): Smith, J. G., Jr.; Connell, J. W.; Hergenrother,

P. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Langley Res. Cent., NASA, Hampton, VA,

23681-0001, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Part A: Polymer

Chemistry (1993), 31(12), 3099-108

CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

Poly(arylene ether)s containing N-arylenebenzimidazole groups were prepared by the aromatic nucleophilic displacement of two new bis(hydroxyphenyl-N-arylenebenzimidazole)s with activated aromatic difluorides in sulfolane at 200°C in the presence of anhydrous potassium carbonate. The bis(hydroxyphenyl-N-arylenebenzimidazole)s were prepared from bis(o-aminoanilino)arylenes and Ph 4-hydroxybenzoate. The polymers were soluble in N-methyl-2pyrrolidinone and m-cresol and exhibited inherent viscosities from 0.37-0.86 dL/q and glass transition temps. from 219-289°C. Thermogravimetric analyses showed 5% weight losses from 463-506°C in air and 467-522°C in nitrogen. Unoriented thin films exhibited tensile strengths, moduli, and break elongations at 23°C of 10.2-12.5 ksi, 318-365 ksi, and 4-7%, resp., and at 177°C of 5.1-6.9 ksi, 256-296 ksi, and 1-5%, resp. A 50:50 random copolymer prepared from 1,3-bis(4fluorobenzoyl) benzene, 1,1'-(4,4'-biphenylene) -bis[2-(4hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole], and 5,5'-bis[2-(4hydroxyphenyl)benzimidazole] exhibited higher moisture absorption and lower tensile properties than those predicted by a rule of mixts. relationship. The chemical, phys., and mech. properties of these polymers are discussed.

IT 151938-41-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and properties of)

RN 151938-41-9 HCAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-[1,4-phenylenebis(1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl)]bis-,
 polymer with 1,1'-sulfonylbis[4-fluorobenzene] (9CI) (CA INDEX
 NAME)

CM 1

CRN 151938-40-8 CMF C32 H22 N4 O2

CM 2

CRN 383-29-9 CMF C12 H8 F2 O2 S

35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) CC Section cross-reference(s): 36 IT 151938-41-9P 151938-43-1P 151938-44-2P 151938-45-3P 151938-46-4P 151938-47-5P 151938-48-6P 151938-49-7P, 1,1'-(4,4'-Biphenylene) = bis [2-(4-hydroxyphhenyl)benzimidazole]-5,5'-bis [2-(4hydroxyphenyl) benzimidazole) ] -1,3-bis(4-fluorobenzoyl) benzene copolymer 151938-50-0P 151965-82-1P 151965-83-2P 151967-28-1P 151967-29-2P 151967-30-5P 151967-31-6P 151967-32-7P 151967-33-8P 151967-34-9P 151967-35-0P 151989-30-9P 151989-31-0P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of)

L21 ANSWER 9 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:494691 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:94691

TITLE:

Phase-transfer reactions catalyzed by

polymer-supported imidazoles

AUTHOR (S):

Kondo, Shuji; Kawasoe, Shinya; Kunisada, Hideo;

Yuki, Yasuo

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Mater. Sci. Eng., Nagoya Inst. Technol.,

Nagoya, 466, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of Macromolecular Science, Pure and Applied Chemistry (1993), A30(6-7), 413-21

CODEN: JSPCE6; ISSN: 1060-1325

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Journal English

AB Polymer-supported imidazoles were prepared by copolymn. of N-vinylimidazole or N-p-vinylbenzylimidazole, styrene, and divinylbenzene with AIBN. The resulting polymers accelerated the reaction of octyl bromide with potassium thiocyanate and the alkylation of an active methylene compound, benzyl cyanide, under phase-transfer conditions. The latter catalytic reaction afforded monoalkylated compound exclusively, although dialkylated compound was also obtained in monomeric alkylimidazole catalyzed reaction. Further, these polymers served as phase-transfer catalysts for the reduction of acetophenone by sodium borohydride. The relationship between the structure and catalytic activity, and the factors governing these catalytic reactions were examined

IT 108910-37-8P

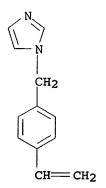
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and phase-transfer catalytic activity of)

RN 108910-37-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2



CC 21-2 (General Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 35

IT 25232-42-2P, Poly (N-vinylimidazole) 60755-40-0P

108910-37-8P 148695-66-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and phase-transfer catalytic activity of)

L21 ANSWER 10 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:123918 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:123918

TITLE: Thermosetting resin compositions with good

storage stability

INVENTOR(S): Endo, Takeshi; Tokuda, Hiroyuki; Hosoda,

Atsushi; Tashiro, Namyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| <br>JP 02227419        | A    | 19900910 | · JP 1989-47378 |              |
|                        |      |          |                 | 198902<br>28 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1989-47378   |              |
|                        |      |          |                 | 198902       |
|                        |      |          |                 | 28           |

AB The title compns. giving impact-resistant cured products with good flexibility contain onium salts of polymers and cationically polymerizable organic compds. Thus, 100 parts bisphenol A diglycidyl ether was mixed with 25 parts 90:10 (mol) butadiene-p-vinylbenzyltetramethylenesulfonim hexafluoroantimonate copolymer to give a thermosetting composition, which was spread on tinplates at 40-μm thickness, then heated at 160° for 30 min to give test pieces with good adhesion and resistance to Me2CO and DMF, which showed pencil hardness H, du Pont impact resistance 45 kg-cm the surface, and 35 kg-cm the reverse side.

IT · 132558-10-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(crosslinked, solvent- and impact-resistant)

RN 132558-10-2 HCAPLUS

CN Antimonate(1-), hexafluoro-, (OC-6-11)-, hydrogen, compd. with
1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole-4,5-dicarbonitrile (1:1),
polymer with butyl 2-propenoate and 2,2'-[(1methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane] (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1675-54-3 CMF C21 H24 O4

$$CH_2-O$$
 $Me$ 
 $CH_2-O$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $O$ 
 $CH_2$ 

CM 2

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 132558-09-9 CMF C14 H10 N4 . F6 Sb . H

CM 4

CRN 115597-75-6 CMF C14 H10 N4

CM 5

CRN 16950-06-4 CMF F6 Sb . H CCI CCS

● H+

IC ICM C08G059-40

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 132558-05-5 132558-06-6 132558-07-7 132558-10-2

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132558-17-9
     132558-12-4
                   132558-13-5
                                 132558-15-7
                                                132558-16-8
                   132558-19-1
                                 132558-20-4
                                                132558-21-5
                                                              132588-30-8
     132558-18-0
     132588-31-9
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (crosslinked, solvent- and impact-resistant)
                                 132538-53-5
                                                132538-56-8
IT
     132538-47-7
                   132538-50-2
                                                              132538-59-1
     132538-60-4
                   132538-61-5
                                 132538-62-6
                                                132558-22-6
                                                              132558-23-7
     132558-24-8 132558-25-9
                               132558-26-0
                                             132558-27-1
     132558-28-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (thermosetting compns., with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether, with
        long pot life)
L21 ANSWER 11 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1990:515979 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         113:115979
TITLE:
                         Polymers containing cyanoimidazole pendant
                         groups
AUTHOR (S):
                         Allan, David S.; Thurber, Ernest L.; Rasmussen,
                         Paul G.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Dep. Chem., Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI,
                         48109, USA
SOURCE:
                         Journal of Polymer Science, Part A:
                         Chemistry (1990), 28(9), 2475-83
                         CODEN: JPACEC; ISSN: 0887-624X
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Styrene dicyanoimidazole derivs. were polymerized to prepare polymers
     containing electron-accepting pendant groups to complement the existing
     body of electron-donating polymers. The preparation of
     4,5-dicyano-1-(vinylbenzyl)imidazole (I), I homopolymer,
     9-(vinylbenzyl)carbazole-I copolymer, and the attempted polymerization of
     4,5-dicyano-1-vinylimidazole are described. Cyclic voltammetry and
     charge transfer studies are used to characterize the
     electron-accepting strength of the cyanoimidazole model compds.
     These studies show that while cyanoimidazoles are moderate electron
     acceptors, they do not form charge transfer complexes with the donor
     mols. investigated.
IT
     129080-38-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation and electron-accepting behavior of)
RN
     129080-38-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     1H-Imidazole-4,5-dicarbonitrile, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-,
    polymer with 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole-4,5-
    dicarbonitrile (9CI)
                          (CA INDEX NAME)
    CM
          1
    CRN
         129080-37-1
     CMF C14 H10 N4
```

CM 2

CRN 115597-75-6 CMF C14 H10 N4

CC 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

IT 129080-38-2P 129080-39-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and electron-accepting behavior of)

L21 ANSWER 12 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:460528 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

113:60528

TITLE:

The chemical stability, under alkaline

conditions, of substituted imidazoline resins

and their model compounds

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Schwellnus, A. H.; Green, B. R. Mintek, Randburg, 2125, S. Afr.

SOURCE:

Reactive Polymers (1990), 12(2), 167-76

CODEN: REPLEN; ISSN: 0923-1137

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Imidazoline, a highly basic amine, was employed as a functional group in weak-base resins that were prepared for the extraction of gold cyanide from alkaline cyanide leach liquors. The chemical stability of the resins and their model compds. under these conditions was investigated. When the imidazoline group was attached to an acrylonitrile and a polystyrene matrix, it hydrolyzed slowly to form an amide group. The attachment of lysidine to a polystyrene matrix

yielded a resin in which the hydrolysis product underwent a second hydrolysis to form an alkylamine group on the resin. The relative rates of hydrolysis of the resins were confirmed by NMR spectroscopy of the hydrolysis reactions of model compds., i.e., lysidine, benzylimidazoline, and benzyllysidine. The hydrolysis products were the same as those for the resins; the rates of hydrolysis for the different structures increased in the order lysidine < benzylimidazoline < benzyllysidine. The model compds. were more rapidly hydrolyzed than the resins, e.g., 50% of the functional groups of the acrylonitrile-based imidazoline resin hydrolyzed during four years of contact with an alkaline solution, whereas the model compound of this resin hydrolyzed completely over a period of 320 h.

IT 128466-19-3

RN

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(hydrolysis of, pH effect on, gold cyanide extraction in relation to)
128466-19-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-4,5-dihydro-2-methyl-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 128466-18-2 CMF C13 H16 N2

CC 37-5 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 128466-15-9 128466-17-1 128466-19-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(hydrolysis of, pH effect on, gold cyanide extraction in relation to)

L21 ANSWER 13 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:204624 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

112:204624

TITLE:

New imidazole- and pyrazole-containing

chemisorbents for selective sorption of uric

acid

AUTHOR (S):

Matsoyan, M. S.; Galstyan, L. R.; Tserunyan, V.

V.; Saakyan, L. A.; Chukhadzhyan, G. A.;

Gabrielyan, E. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Erevan. Gos. Univ., Yerevan, USSR

SOURCE:

Armyanskii Khimicheskii Zhurnal (1989), 42(8),

532-5

CODEN: AYKZAN; ISSN: 0515-9628

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

Russian

AB Imidazole and pyrazole groups-containing chemisorbents selective for uric acid were prepared by treatment of chloromethylated divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer with imidazole, benzylimidazole, and methylpyrazole or by polymerization of imidazolylstyrene or dimethylvinylpyrazole. The sorbents were selective for uric acid in blood and did not absorb other components of the blood.

126814-92-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

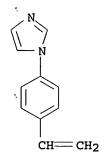
(sorbents, for uric acid in blood, preparation and properties of)

126814-92-4 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 1-(4-ethenylphenyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) CN NAME)

CM 1

CRN 126814-91-3 C11 H10 N2 CMF



63-7 (Pharmaceuticals)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT 288-32-4D, Imidazole, reaction products with chloromethylated divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer 1453-58-3D, reaction products with chloromethylated divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer 4238-71-5D, 1-Benzylimidazole, reaction products with chloromethylated divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer 9003-70-7D, Divinylbenzenestyrene copolymer, chloromethylated, reaction products with imidazoles or methylpyrazole 12642-25-0D, AV 17 + 8, reaction products with imidazoles in methylpyrazole 108891-16-3 126814-92-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(sorbents, for uric acid in blood, preparation and properties of)

L21 ANSWER 14 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:474027 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:74027

TITLE: Polymers containing electron accepting groups AUTHOR (S): Rasmussen, P. G.; Allan, D. S.; Apen, P. G.;

Thurber, E. L.

Dep. Chem., Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, CORPORATE SOURCE:

48109, USA

SOURCE: Polymer Preprints (American Chemical Society,

Division of Polymer Chemistry) (1988), 29(1),

325-6

CODEN: ACPPAY; ISSN: 0032-3934

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

A number of cyanoimidazole derivs. showed a good correlation between

the reduction potentials and the energies of the lowest unoccupied mol. orbitals as calculated using extended Hueckel methods. 1-(4-Vinylbenzyl)-4,5-dicyanoimidazole polymerized smoothly under free radical conditions to a white, film-forming polymer with intrinsic viscosity 0.29 dL/g. IT 115597-76-7P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of) RN 115597-76-7 HCAPLUS 1H-Imidazole-4,5-dicarbonitrile, 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, CN homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 115597-75-6 CMF C14 H10 N4 NC NC CH<sub>2</sub>  $CH = CH_2$ CC 35-7 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) IT 115597-76-7P RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and properties of) L21 ANSWER 15 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:424101 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:24101 TITLE: Imidazole-containing polystyrene resins as selective hemosorbents for sodium barbital AUTHOR (S): Chukhadzhyan, G. A.; Matsoyan, M. S.; Galstyan, L. R.; Tserunyan, V. V.; Saakyan, L. A.; Gabrielyan, E. S. CORPORATE SOURCE: Erevan. Gos. Univ., Yerevan, USSR SOURCE: Armyanskii Khimicheskii Zhurnal (1986), 39(12), 755-9 CODEN: AYKZAN; ISSN: 0515-9628 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian Imidazole group-containing hemosorbents selective for Na barbital (I) were prepared by treatment of chloromethylated divinylbenzene-styrene copolymer with imidazole or 1-benzylimidazole or by alkylating imidazole with (2-bromoethyl)-4-chlorobenzene and subsequently dehydrobrominating and polymerizing the (2-bromoethyl)-4-(n-

imidazolylmethyl)benzene formed. The linear polymer was applied as

a coating on activated C to give the sorbent. The sorbents were selective for I in blood and did not sorb other components of the blood.

IT 108910-37-8P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (sorbents, on activated carbon, for sodium barbital in blood, preparation and properties of)

108910-37-8 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, homopolymer (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 108910-37-8P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (sorbents, on activated carbon, for sodium barbital in blood, preparation and properties of)

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L21 ANSWER 16 OF 41

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:609592 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

105:209592

TITLE:

Imidazolinone-containing polymers and copolymers

INVENTOR(S):

Rasmussen, Jerald K.; Katritzky, Alan R.; Krepski, Larry R.; Smith, Howell K., II; Heilmann, Steven M.; Sakizadeh, Kumars

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing Co., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE  |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------|
| EP 185493  | A2   | 19860625 | EP 1985-308898  | 10051 |

198512 06

EP 185493 **A3** 19881130 19930728 EP 185493 **B1** R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI US 4667012 19870519 Α US 1984-681553 198412 14 JP 61143432 19860701 JP 1985-278133 198512 12 US 4785070 Α 19881115 US 1987-14875 198702 17. PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1984-681553 198412

AB Water-soluble polyamides containing 2-imidazolin-5-one rings in the polymer backbone are prepared by condensation of bisazlactones with hydroxy-or mercaptoamines or diamines and optionally other monomers, followed by acid- or base-catalyzed cyclodehydration. The polymers are useful in water treatment, and paper and fabric sizing applications (no data). Thus, a polyamide of 2,2'-tetramethylenebis(4,4-dimethyloxazolin-5-one) (I) and triethylene tetramine (II) was prepared by adding 0.02 mol II to 0.02 I in DMF at room temperature and stirring for 22 h. The polymer could be cyclized completely by heating in vacuo to 180-190° over 2 h, or partially by dissoln. in DMF and heating at 140° for 4 h.

IT 104867-82-5P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, by cyclodehydration of polyamides formed from bisazlactones)

RN 104867-82-5 HCAPLUS

CN Poly [(4,5-dihydro-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxo-1H-imidazole-2,1-diyl)-1,4-phenylene(4,5-dihydro-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxo-1H-imidazole-1,2-diyl)-1,4-butanediyl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{bmatrix} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ &$$

IC ICM C08G073-06

ICS C08G069-00; C08G069-48

CC 35-5 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 104867-77-8P 104867-78-9P 104867-79-0P 104867-80-3P

104867-81-4P 104867-82-5P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, by cyclodehydration of polyamides formed from bisazlactones)

L21 ANSWER 17 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:163728 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

104:163728

TITLE:

Polymeric triazole herbicides

INVENTOR (S):

Wermann, Kurt; Bauer, Hans Juergen; Hartmann,

Manfred; Globig, Gerlinde; Schwarz, Guenter;

Seewald, Ingrid

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

VEB Fahlberg-List, Ger. Dem. Rep.

SOURCE:

Ger. (East), 20 pp. CODEN: GEXXA8

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
|                        |      |          |                 |              |
| DD 224203              | A1   | 19850703 | DD 1984-262004  | 198404<br>16 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      | t        | DD 1984-262004  | 198404<br>16 |

GI

AB Copolymers of 1-acyl-5-amino-1,2,4-triazoles I and 3-acylamino-1,2,4-triazoles II (Z = CH2CH, CH2CMe, CH2CHC6H4, etc.; Z1 = styrene, vinyl acetate, acrylate, Me methacrylate, etc., comonomers) and I-II copolymers III (Z and Z1 = CH2CMe, CH2CHC6H4, CH2CH) are controlled-release herbicides. Compared to the corresponding monomer herbicides, the polymers show higher stability. Thus, in pot expts., under extreme conditions of climate, pre-emergence I (Z = CH2CHCH2CH2, Z1 = vinyl acetate) (6 kg/ha) totally-controlled Medicago sativa, Sinapis alba and other

species, whereas Amitrole was less effective. IT 96611-16-4 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (herbicides, controlled release) RN 96611-16-4 HCAPLUS 1H-1,2,4-Triazol-5-amine, 1-(4-ethenylbenzoyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 86355-75-1 CMF C11 H10 N4 O CH= = CH<sub>2</sub> NH2 ·IC ICM A01N037-18 ICS A01N043-64; A01N025-08 CC 5-3 (Agrochemical Bioregulators) IT 84410-45-7 84410-46-8 84410-47-9 84410-48-0 84410-49-1 84410-50-4 84410-51-5 84410-52-6 86355-75-1 86355-76-2 86355-77-3 86355-79-5 86355-80-8 86355-81-9 96611-16-4 96611-17-5 96611-18-6 96611-19-7 96611-20-0 96611-21-1 . 99616-97-4 99616-98-5 99616-99-6 99617-00-2 99617-01-3 99617-02-4 99617-03-5 99617-04-6 99617-05-7 99617-06-8 99617-20-6 99617-19-3 99617-21-7 99617-22-8 99617-23-9 99617-24-0 99617-25-1 99617-26-2 99617-27-3 99617-28-4 99617-30-8 99617-31-9 99617-29-5 99617-32-0 RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (herbicides, controlled release) L21 ANSWER 18 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:221286 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:221286 TITLE: Biocidal polymers.. X. Synthesis and hydrolytic behavior of polymers with pendantly bound 3-amino-1,2,4-triazole AUTHOR (S): Hartmann, M.; Kohrs, D.; Wermann, K. CORPORATE SOURCE: Sekt. Chem., Friedrich-Schiller-Univ., Jena, DDR-6900, Ger. Dem. Rep. SOURCE: Acta Polymerica (1985), 36(4), 185-7 CODEN: ACPODY; ISSN: 0323-7648 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: German Biocidal polymers with pendant herbicide groups were prepared by radical homopolymn. of 3-amino-1,2,4-triazole (I) derivs. or their copolymn. with Me methacrylate and styrene, and the release of herbicides by hydrolysis in H2O at 30° was studied. The release of herbicides by hydrolysis depended on the nature of amide

bonds in polymer-I derivative linkages. The high release of herbicides (48-84%) by hydrolysis of poly[1-(4-vinylbenzoyl)-5-amino-1,2,4triazolel [96611-16-4], Me methacrylate-1-(4vinylbenzoyl)-5-amino-1,2,4-triazole copolymer [96611-17-5] and (E) -1-(3-carbomethoxyacryloyl)-5-amino-1,2,4-triazole-styrene copolymer [96611-18-6] was related to the presence of azolide bonds, whereas the low herbicide release (16-29%) of poly[3-(4-vinylbenzoyl)amino-1,2,4-triazole] [96611-19-7], Me methacrylate-3-(4-vinylbenzoyl)amino-1,2,4-triazole copolymer [96611-20-0] and (E)-3-(3-carbomethoxyacryloyl)amino-1,2,4-triazolestyrene copolymer [96611-21-1] was related to the presence of amide bonds in polymer-I derivative linkages. 96611-16-4 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (hydrolysis of, herbicide release by) 96611-16-4 HCAPLUS

RN

CN 1H-1,2,4-Triazol-5-amine, 1-(4-ethenylbenzoyl)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CRN 86355-75-1 CMF C11 H10 N4 O

$$N = 0$$

$$N = CH = CH_2$$

$$NH_2$$

CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 5 TT 96611-16-4 96611-17-5 96611-18-6 96611-20-0 96611-21-1 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (hydrolysis of, herbicide release by)

L21 ANSWER 19 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:552534 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

101:152534

TITLE:

Linear homopolymer, linear copolymer, and a

crosslinked copolymer

INVENTOR(S):

Miyake, Tetsuya; Takeda, Kunihiko; Tada, Keishi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Braz. Pedido PI, 33 pp. CODEN: BPXXDX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Portuguese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------|
| BR 8204150 | Α    | 19840221 | BR 1982-4150    |      |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

BR 1982-4150

16

198207 16

GI

$$CH_2 = CH$$
 $CH_2 - N$ 
 $R$ 
 $R$ 

The title polymers are prepared by homo- or copolymn. of (imidazolylmethyl)styrenes I (R,R1 = H, C1-17 alkyl, Ph, substituted Ph, naphthyl, aralkyl, pyridyl). The polymers have ion-exchange properties and are useful in extraction of metals. Thus, a solution of 10 g (imidazolylmethyl)styrene (60% m, 40% p) in 20 mL MeOH was mixed with 0.1 g AIBN and heated 20 h at 80° to give a solid polymer [84001-78-5]. Nine other I homopolymers and 47 copolymers were prepared

IT 83952-57-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(metal ion-complexing agents, preparation of)

RN 83952-57-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 78430-90-7 CMF C12 H12 N2

```
CH<sub>2</sub>
         CH=CH2
     CM
          3
     CRN
          100-42-5
     CMF
          C8 H8
H_2C = CH - Ph
     C07D233-64; C07D233-58; C07D401-04; C08F026-06; C08J005-20
CC
     35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
     83952-57-2P 83952-58-3P 83952-60-7P
     83952-61-8P 83952-62-9P 83952-65-2P
     83952-66-3P 83952-67-4P 83952-68-5P
     83970-12-1P 83970-13-2P 83970-14-3P
     83970-41-6P 83970-44-9P
                                83970-47-2P
     83970-50-7P 83985-14-2P 83995-60-2P
     83995-61-3P 83995-62-4P 84001-00-3P
     84001-02-5P 84001-04-7P 84001-76-3P
     84001-77-4P 84001-78-5P 84012-68-0P
     84025-14-9P 84025-15-0P 84025-17-2P
     84025-18-3P 84025-19-4P 84025-20-7P
     84025-21-8P 84026-00-6P 84026-61-9P
     84026-62-0P 84026-64-2P 84026-65-3P
     84026-66-4P 84026-68-6P 84026-69-7P
     84026-70-0P
                   84026-71-1P 84048-33-9P 84048-74-8P
     84049-38-7P 84107-18-6P 89558-23-6P
     89558-24-7P
                   89593-32-8P 89613-41-2P
     91885-36-8P 91941-20-7P 92009-19-3P
     92076-44-3P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (metal ion-complexing agents, preparation of)
L21 ANSWER 20 OF 41
                      HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          1984:445279 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          101:45279
TITLE:
                         Uranium isotope separation by using novel
                          adsorbents
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         Japanese
```

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| JP 59012736            | Α    | 19840123 | JP 1982-121284  | 100007       |
| JP 03072334            | В    | 19911118 |                 | 198207<br>14 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1982-121284  | 198207<br>14 |

GI

- \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*
- AB In an isotope (e.g. U) separation method employing an anion exchanger (adsorbent) and carrying out redox reactions at the interface of a U-adsorbed zone and an adjacent reductant-bearing zone, at the interface of a U-adsorbed zone and an adjacent oxidant-bearing zone, or at both interfaces, the adsorbent is a crosslinked copolymer containing the repeating units I [R,R1 = H, C1-17 alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, pyridyl, NO2], II [R2,R3 = H, Me; Z = substituted phenylene, biphenylene], III [(Z1 = O, S, NH, alkylene), SO, CO, divalent pyridine, OCNHZ2NHCO (Z2 = C1-3 hydrocarbon moiety)], IV [R4,R5,R6 = H, Me; Q = trivalent substituted benzene moiety], and (or) V.

IT 90737-33-0

RL: PROC (Process)

(anion exchanger, for isotope separation)

RN 90737-33-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, polymer with diethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM · 1

CRN 90737-32-9 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 1321-74-0 CMF C10 H10 CCI IDS



2 D1-CH=CH2

IC B01D059-30; B01J020-26; B01J041-04

CC 71-6 (Nuclear Technology)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 9052-95-3D, chloromethylated and amidated 65307-53-1D, amidated 90737-33-0 90751-57-8

RL: PROC (Process)

(anion exchanger, for isotope separation)

L21 ANSWER 21 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:193229 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

100:193229 Basic imidazolylmethylstyrene compound, its

polymer, and its use as an ion exchange resin Miyake, Tetsuya; Takeda, Kunihiko; Tada, Keishi

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

U.S., 31 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.

SOURCE:

165,451, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT      | NO.          | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|-------------|--------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
|             |              |      |          |                 |              |
| US 443      | 30445        | A    | 19840207 | US 1981-335943  |              |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 198112       |
| JP 560      | 116471       | Α    | 19810217 | JP 1979-90901   | 30           |
| 01 500      | ,104/1       | A    | 17010217 | 01 1373 30301   | 197907       |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 19           |
| JP 600      | =            | В    | 19851021 |                 |              |
| JP 571      | .17509       | A    | 19820722 | JP 1981-3739    | 100101       |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 198101<br>16 |
| JP 010      | 28053        | В    | 19890531 |                 | 10           |
| JP 571      | .19908       | Α    | 19820726 | JP 1981-4954    |              |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 198101       |
| JP 010      | 128052       | В    | 19890531 |                 | 19           |
| JP 571      |              | A    | 19820726 | JP 1981-4955    |              |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 198101       |
|             |              |      | •        |                 | 19           |
| PRIORITY AP | PPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1979-90901   | A            |
|             |              |      |          |                 | 197907<br>19 |
|             |              |      |          |                 |              |

US ·1980-165451 **A2** 198007 02 JP 1981-3739 Α 198101 16 JP 1981-4954 Α 198101 19 JP 1981-4955 Α 198101 19

AB Imidazolylmethylstyrene compds. prepared by treating a halomethylstyrene with an imidazole compound are readily homo- or copólymd. to provide linear homo- or copolymers ór crosslinked copolymers containing pendant imidazolylmethylphenyl groups which have excellent resistance to oxidation and are useful as ion exchange resins, extractants for metals, sizing agents, and antistatic agents. Thus, 76.0 g m-chloromethylstyrene [39833-65-3] was added dropwise within 30 min to 136.2 g imidazole (I) [288-32-4] in 500 mL acetone (II) at 40° and agitation was continued at 40° for 16 h. II was distilled, and the residue was dissolved in 500 mL ether to give a solution which was worked up to give 77.3 g m-(1-imidazolylmethy)styrene (III) [78430-90-7] as a substantially colorless liquid III (2.0 g) was added to a solution of 6.0 g bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin epoxy resin in 7.3 g Et cellosolve, and the mixture was coated on an Fe plate treated with Zn phosphate and heated for 1 h at 150°. The cured copolymer [89535-41-1] film had thickness 30 μ, pencil hardness 3 H, flexibility >10 mm, Erichsen cupping test 5.7 mm, and impact resistance (1/4 in. + 500 g) 30 cm pass and (1/2 in. + 500 g) 50 cm pass.

IT 83952-57-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(ion exchangers and metal extractants)

RN 83952-57-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 78430-90-7 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

### $H_2C \longrightarrow CH - Ph$

IC B01J039-20; C08F026-06
INCL 521038000
CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
IT 83952-57-2 83952-60-7 83952-61-8
83952-62-9 83952-65-2 83952-66-3
83952-67-4 83952-68-5 83970-12-1
83970-13-2 83970-41-6 83970-44-9
83970-47-2 83970-50-7 83985-14-2
83995-60-2 83995-61-3 83995-62-4
84001-00-3 84001-04-7 84001-76-3
84001-77-4 84001-78-5 84012-68-0
84020-22-4 84025-14-9 84025-15-0
84025-17-2 84025-18-3 84025-19-4
84025-20-7 84025-21-8 84026-00-6

84026-60-8 84026-61-9 84026-62-0 84026-64-2 84026-65-3 84026-66-4 84026-67-5 84026-68-6 84026-69-7 84026-71-1 84048-33-9 84048-74-8 84049-38-7 84107-18-6 89558-23-6 89558-24-7 89593-31-7 89593-32-8 89613-40-1 89613-41-2 89618-02-0 RL: USES (Uses) (ion exchangers and metal extractants) 89535-41-1P RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of crosslinked)

L21 ANSWER 22 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:35483 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:35483

TITLE: Manufacture of basic polymers

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5

PATENT INFORMATION:

IT

| PATENT NO.                | KIND   | DATE                 | APPLICATION NO. |    | DATE         |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------|----|--------------|
|                           |        |                      |                 |    |              |
| JP 57117509               | A      | 19820722             | JP 1981-3739    |    | 198101       |
| TD 01000053               | _      | 10000531             |                 |    | 16           |
| JP 01028053<br>US 4430445 | B<br>A | 19890531<br>19840207 | US 1981-335943  |    |              |
| 05 4430445                | A      | 19840207             | 05 1961-335943  |    | 198112<br>30 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:    | •      |                      | JP 1979-90901   | A  | •            |
|                           |        |                      |                 |    | 197907<br>19 |
|                           |        |                      | US 1980-165451  | A2 |              |
|                           |        |                      |                 |    | 198007<br>02 |
|                           |        |                      | JP 1981-3739    | Α  |              |
|                           |        |                      |                 |    | 198101<br>16 |
|                           |        |                      | JP 1981-4954    | А  |              |
|                           |        |                      |                 |    | 198101<br>19 |
|                           |        |                      | JP 1981-4955    | А  |              |
|                           |        |                      |                 |    | 198101<br>19 |

AB ar-(1-Imidazolylmethyl)styrene derivative polymers useful for metal extraction are prepared For example, ar-(1-imidazolylmethyl)styrene (m:p = 60:40) was polymerized in MeOH in the presence of AIBN at 80° for 20 h to give a polymer (I) [84001-78-5] having intrinsic viscosity (in 2N HCl, 25°) 0.60. A solution from 1 g I and

0.676 g FeCl3.6H2O in 50 cm3 2N HCl was extracted 5 times with 50 mL CHCl3. The residual Fe content in the aqueous phase was 2 mmol/L, while no extraction was observed in the absence of I.

IT 83995-60-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

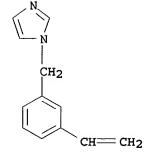
(manufacture of, for metal extraction)

RN 83995-60-2 HCAPLUS

1H-Imidazole, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, homopolymer (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-90-7 CMF C12 H12 N2



IC C08F112-32

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 61

IT 83995-60-2P 83995-61-3P 83995-62-4P

84001-76-3P 84001-77-4P 84001-78-5P

84020-22-4P 84048-74-8P 84049-38-7P

84107-18-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manufacture of, for metal extraction)

L21 ANSWER 23 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:17489 HCAPLUS 98:17489

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Manufacture of basic copolymers

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Japanese

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| JP 57119908 | A    | 19820726 | JP 1981-4954    |              |
| JP 01028052 | B    | 19890531 |                 | 198101<br>19 |
| US 4430445  | A    | 19840207 | US 1981-335943  | 198112       |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

30 JP 1979-90901 Α 197907 19 US 1980-165451 A2 198007 02 JP 1981-3739 Α 198101 16 JP 1981-4954 Α 198101 19 JP 1981-4955 Α 198101

19

AB (1-Imidazolylmethyl)styrene copolymers useful for metal extraction were prepared For example, 6.39 g (1-imidazolylmethyl)styrene (m-p ratio 60:40) and 3.61 g styrene were polymerized in the presence of AIBN at 90° for 24 h to give a copolymer (I) [83952-57-2].

I (1 g) and 0.270 g FeCl3 were dissolved in 50 cm3 2N HCl and extracted with 50 cm3 CHCl3 5 times. The residual Fe concentration in HCl was 1 mM, compared 19 mM in the absence of I.

IT 83952-57-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(extractants, for metals, manufacture of)

RN 83952-57-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, polymer with ethenylbenzene and 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 78430-91-8 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 2

CRN 78430-90-7 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 3

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

IC C08F212-32

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 83952-57-2 83952-58-3 83952-59-4

83952-60-7 83952-61-8 83952-62-9

83952-65-2 83952-66-3 83952-67-4

83952-68-5 83970-38-1 83970-41-6

83970-44-9 83970-47-2 83970-50-7

84025-14-9 84025-15-0 84025-16-1

84025-17-2 84025-18-3 84025-19-4

84025-20-7 84025-21-8 84026-00-6

RL: USES (Uses)

(extractants, for metals, manufacture of)

L21 ANSWER 24 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:17488 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

98:17488

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Crosslinked basic polymers

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| JP 57119909 | A    | 19820726 | JP 1981-4955    | 198101       |
| US 4430445  | A    | 19840207 | US 1981-335943  | 19<br>198112 |

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30
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                JP 1979-90901
                                                                     Α
                                                                         197907
                                                                         19
                                               US 1980-165451
                                                                     A2
                                                                         198007
                                                                         02
                                               JP 1981-3739
                                                                     Α
                                                                         198101
                                                                         16
                                               JP 1981-4954
                                                                     Α
                                                                         198101
                                                                         19
                                               JP 1981-4955
                                                                     Α
                                                                         198101
                                                                         19
     Crosslinked basic polymers are prepared from (1-
AB
     imidazolylmethyl)styrene derivs., and crosslinking comonomers. For
     example, 7 g (1-imidazolylmethyl) styrene (m:p = 60:40) and 3 g
     m-divinylbenzene were copolymd. in an acetone-PhMe mixture in the
     presence of AIBN at 90° for 6 h to give an acetone-insol. crosslinked copolymer [83970-12-1] which was treated with
     HCl to give an anion exchanger having exchange capacity 3.36
     mequiv/g.
     83985-15-3
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (anion exchangers)
     83985-15-3 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     1H-Imidazole, 1-[(3-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-, polymer with
     1,3-diethenylbenzene and 1-[(4-ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole,
     hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          83970-12-1
     CMF
           (C12 H12 N2 . C12 H12 N2 . C10 H10)x
     CCI
          PMS
          CM
                2
          CRN
               78430-91-8
```

CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 3

CRN 78430-90-7 CMF C12 H12 N2

CM 4

CRN 108-57-6 CMF C10 H10

IC C08F212-32

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 83985-15-3 84001-00-3 84001-02-5

84012-68-0

RL: USES (Uses)

(anion exchangers)

IT 83970-12-1P 83970-13-2P 83970-14-3P

83985-14-2P 84001-01-4P 84001-04-7P

84026-60-8P 84026-61-9P 84026-62-0P

84026-63-1P 84026-64-2P 84026-65-3P

84026-66-4P 84026-67-5P 84026-68-6P

84026-69-7P 84026-70-0P 84026-71-1P 84048-33-9P

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 25 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:638652 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:238652

TITLE: Imidazolate complexes of iron and manganese

tetraphenylporphyrins

AUTHOR(S): Landrum, John T.; Hatano, K.; Scheidt, W.

Robert; Reed, Christopher A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. South. California, Los

Angeles, CA, 90007, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1980),

102(22), 6729-35

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB In this abstract Im- = imidazolate and TPP = mesotetraphenylporphyrin. The x-ray crystal structure of the polymer [Mn(Im)(TPP)]n shows layers of parallel chains with alternate layers having their quasi-linear chains approx. orthogonal to each other. There is a short-short/long-long alternation of Mn-N(Im) bond lengths [2.186(5) and 2.280(4) Å] interpreted as reflecting alternating predominantly low- and high-spin Mn(III) atoms along the polymeric chain.

IT 75094-02-9P

RN 75094-02-9 HCAPLUS

CN Manganese, (1H-imidazolato-N1)[5,10,15,20-tetraphenyl-21H,23H-porphinato(2-)-N21,N22,N23,N24]-, (SP-5-21)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75094-01-8 CMF C47 H31 Mn N6 CCI CCS

CC 22-9 (Physical Organic Chemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 75

TT 16591-56-3P 55906-20-2P 67035-78-3P 67161-73-3P 75094-02-9P 75094-40-5P 75104-71-1P 75104-76-6P

75120-60-4P

L21 ANSWER 26 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:492439 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 91:92439

TITLE: Linear and crosslinked polybenzimidazoles

INVENTOR(S): Sheratte, Martin B.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Acurex Corp., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE   |
|------------------------|------|----------|------------------|--------|
|                        |      |          |                  |        |
|                        |      |          |                  |        |
| US 4154919             | A    | 19790515 | US 1976-719264   |        |
|                        |      | :        |                  | 197608 |
| DD74D7501 15511 1150   |      |          |                  | 31     |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | US 1976-719264 A |        |
|                        |      |          |                  | 197608 |
|                        |      |          |                  | 31     |

GI

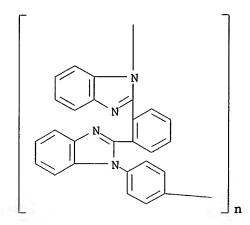
AB Polybenziomidazoles (I, R = arylene, alkylene, cycloalkylene, methylenediphenylene, sulfonyldiphenylene, carbonyldiphenylene, oxydiphenylene; R1 = arylene or cycloalkylene; R3 = lower alkyl, alkoxy, halo; x = 0-4), having good thermal properties, were prepared Thus, 0.01 mol 4,4'-bis(o-aminoanilino)biphenyl [40850-43-9] and 0.01 mol phthalic anhydride were mixed in 10 mL phenol and heated 4 h at 50° to give a foamed prepolymer [63100-69-6] having inherent viscosity 0.26 (0.5% in m-cresol). The prepolymer was further heated 1 h at 400° to give a tough polymer foam with inherent viscosity 0.79.

IT 71170-12-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of heat-resistance)

RN 71170-12-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,2-phenylene-1H-benzimidazole-2,1-diyl-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC C08G073-06; C08G073-18

INCL 528186000

CC 36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 63100-69-6P 71170-12-2P 71170-13-3P :

71170-14-4P 71170-26-8P 71170-27-9P 71170-29-1P

71170-30-4P 71170-31-5P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of heat-resistance)

L21 ANSWER 27 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:6724 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:6724

TITLE: Synthesis of polymers containing

1-phenyl-2-tetrazoline-5-thione groups

AUTHOR(S): Grasshoff, J. Michael; Reid, Jerome L.; Taylor,

Lloyd D.

Journal

CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Res. Lab., Polaroid Corp., Cambridge, MA,

USA

Ι

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Polymer Chemistry

Edition (1978), 16(9), 2403-5

CODEN: JPLCAT; ISSN: 0449-296X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: English

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c} N < N \\ \downarrow \\ N \\ H \end{array}$$

AB 1-(4-Vinylphenyl)-2-tetrazoline-5-thione (I) [55425-03-1] is prepared from 4-vinylphenyl isothiocyanate [1520-20-3] and NaN3 and polymerized as the K salt or in the acetylated form. Also prepared from 1-(3-aminophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol [14124-34-6] and either

acryloyl chloride [814-68-6] or 4,4-dimethyl-2-vinyl-5-oxazolone [29513-26-6] are 1-(3-acrylamidophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol [68383-27-7] and 1-[3-(2-acrylamido-2-methylpropionamido)phenyl]-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol [68383-28-8], resp.

IT 58660-44-9P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN58660-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5H-Tetrazole-5-thione, 1-(4-ethenylphenyl)-1,2-dihydro-, homopolymer (CA INDEX NAME)

CM. 1

55425-03-1 CRN C9 H8 N4 S CMF

CC 35÷3 (Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 28

IT 58660-44-9P 63036-05-5P 68383-27-7P

68383-28-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 28 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1977:423966 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

87:23966

TITLE:

Polymerization of sulfur containing compounds in

aqueous media utilizing a tetra-alkylated

azobis(acetonitrile) Grasshoff, J. Michael

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Polaroid Corp., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 5 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. |   | DATE         |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|---|--------------|
|                        |      |          |                 | - |              |
| US 4021417             | A    | 19770503 | US 1975-601364  |   | 197508<br>04 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | US 1974-429928  |   | 197401<br>02 |
|                        |      |          | US 1974-520982  |   | 197411<br>05 |

AB 2,2'-Azobis(2-methylpropionitrile) (I) [78-67-1] was used as a catalyst to prepare poly[1-(p-vinylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol K salt] (II) [63036-05-5] or poly[(1-m-acrylamidophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol K salt] [63036-07-7]. Thus, 20 g 1-(p-vinylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrazole-5-thiol was dissolved in 150 mL H2O containing 13 g K carbonate, and the solution was heated at 60° for 16 h in the presence of 40 mg I to prepare 80% II. 63036-05-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, catalysts for) RN 63036-05-5 HCAPLUS 5H-Tetrazole-5-thione, 1-(4-ethenylphenyl)-1,2-dihydro-, potassium CN salt, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 63036-04-4 C9 H8 N4 S . K CMF CH== CH2 • к C08F028-02 INCL 260079700 35-4 (Synthetic High Polymers) 63036-07-7P 63036-05-5P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manufacture of, catalysts for) L21 ANSWER 29 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1976:5428 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 84:5428 TITLE: Solid-phase polycondensation reaction of bisphenylurethane and diamino dicarboxylic acid AUTHOR (S): Uno, Keikichi; Niiume, Kazuma; Nakayama, Tetsuo CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Eng., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan SOURCE: Nippon Kagaku Kaishi (1975), (9), 1584-8 CODEN: NKAKB8; ISSN: 0369-4577 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Japanese For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. Poly(quinazolinediones) containing benzimidazole ring were prepared by solid- phase polymerization of Z(C6H4NHCO2Ph-p)2 (Z = R, R1 [57359-22-5], R2 [57359-23-6]) with diaminodicarboxylic acids, and the reaction was studied by thermogravimetric anal. and DSC. The quinazolinedione formation involved the addition of amino group to the

isocyanate group, formed by the thermal decomposition of urethane, and

the subsequent cyclodehydration of formed urea with acid. The intramol. cyclodehydration depended on the mobility of the main

chain of the polymer as shown by comparison with that of model reaction between Ph N-[4-(2-benzimidazolyl)phenyl]carbamate [53859-70-4] and anthranilic acid [118-92-3]. These polymers were thermally stable and partially soluble in organic solvents, and glass transition temps. were measured by DSC.

IT 42388-44-3P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN42388-44-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(1,1',4,4'-tetrahydro-2,2',4,4'-tetraoxo[6,6'-biquinazoline]-3,3'(2H,2'H)-diyl)-1,4-phenylene[5,5'-bi-1H-benzimidazole]-2,2'-diyl-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)

51-17-2DP, 1H-Benzimidazole, derivative, polymer 42388-44-3P IT

42423-53-0P 54849-20-6P 54849-29-5P 54850-65-6P 57360-82-4P 57360-83-5P

57364-94-0P 57364-95-1P 57364-96-2P 57364-97-3P 57364-99-5P

57423-80-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 30 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:514982 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:114982

TITLE: Polymers containing the benzimidazole and the

quinazolinedione unit in the main chain

AUTHOR(S): Iwakura, Yoshio; Uno, Keikichi; Nguyen Chau

Fac. Eng., Univ. Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan CORPORATE SOURCE:

English

SOURCE: Makromolekulare Chemie (1975), 176(1), 23-36

CODEN: MACEAK; ISSN: 0025-116X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

The solid state polymerization of aromatic diphenyl esters containing the

quinazolinedione unit (obtained from phenyl (phenoxycarbonylphenyl) carbamates and aromatic bis(o-amino) esters or carboxylic acids) with aromatic tetraamines gave polymers containing benzimidazole and quinazolinedione units and characterized by ir and uv spectroscopy, and thermogravimetric anal. A mixture of diphenyl 4,4'-[6,6'-methylenebis(2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinazolin-3-yl)]dibenzoate and 4,4'-oxybis[1,2-benzenediamine] was heated in N at 250-60° in vacuo to give polymer in 100% yield.

IT 42388-44-3P

CN

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (benzimidazole group-containing, preparation of)

RN 42388-44-3 HCAPLUS

Poly[(1,1',4,4'-tetrahydro-2,2',4,4'-tetraoxo[6,6'-biquinazoline]-3,3'(2H,2'H)-diyl)-1,4-phenylene[5,5'-bi-1H-benzimidazole]-2,2'-diyl-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & O \\ N & N \end{bmatrix}_{n}$$

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)

T 42388-44-3P 54849-20-6P 54849-21-7P

54849-22-8P 54849-23-9P 54849-24-0P

54849-25-1P 54849-26-2P 54849-27-3P

**54849-28-4P 54849-29-5P** 54871-67-9P

34043-20-4P 34043-23-3P 340/1-0/-3P

54871-68-0P 54871-69-1P 54871-70-4P 54871-71-5P 54871-72-6P

54871-73-7P 54871-74-8P 54871-75-9P 54871-76-0P 54871-77-1P

54871-78-2P 54871-79-3P **54886-59-8P** 

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (benzimidazole group-containing, preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 31 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:506627 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:106627

TITLE: Poly(amide imides)

INVENTOR(S): Kawamoto, Hisashi; Hayano, Osakazu PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

SOURCE: Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE   |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------|
|                        |      |          |                 |        |
|                        |      |          |                 |        |
| JP 49002035            | В    | 19740118 | JP 1970-72799   |        |
|                        |      |          |                 | 197008 |
| :                      |      |          |                 | 21     |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1970-72799   |        |
|                        |      |          |                 | 197008 |
|                        |      |          |                 | 21     |

Imidazole compds. I [X = p-C6H4OC6H4-p, m-C6H4C6H4-m,AB p-C6H4CH2C6H4-p, (CH2)6], II and III were treated with mineral acid salts of (p-H2NC6H4)2O (IV), m- or p-C6H4(NH2)2, and m-H2NC6H4C6H4NH2 in solvents to give poly(amide imides). For example, 1.366 g IV-2HCl, 3.243 g I (X = p-C6H40C6H4-p), and 20 ml AcNMe2 were heated 20 min at 40.deg., treated with 20 ml AcNMe2, and stored 1 hr to give p,p'-bis[5-(1(H)-imidazolylcarbonyl)phthalimido] diphenyl ether-p,p'-diaminodiphenyl ether dihydrochloride polymer [ 52539-26-1] forming a tough cast film from AcNMe2 solution

IT : 52539-26-1P

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN52539-26-1 HCAPLUS

1H-Imidazole, 1,1'-[oxybis[4,1-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-CN isoindole-2,5-diyl)carbonyl]]bis-, polymer with 4,4'oxybis[benzenamine] dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 35261-84-8 C36 H20 N6 O7 CMF

CM 2

CRN 6040-86-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O . 2 Cl H

## ●2 HCl

IC CO8G

CC 36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 26010-80-0P **52539-26-1P** RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 32 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:491978 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 81:91978

TITLE: Synthesis and properties of poly(N-

phenylbenzimidazoles)

AUTHOR(S): Voznesenskaya, N. N.; Berendyaev, V. I.; Kotov,

B. V.; Voishchev, V. S.; Pravednikov, A. N.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Nauchno-Issled. Fiz.-Khim. Inst. im. Karpova,

Moscow, USSR

SOURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnye Soedineniya, Seriya B:

Kratkie Soobshcheniya (1974), 16(2), 114-16

CODEN: VYSBAI; ISSN: 0507-5483

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Russian

Poly-o-anilinoamide prepolymers for polybenzimidazoles (PBI) were prepared by the cyclodehydration (in vacuum at 300-370.deg.) in tetramethylene sulfone of aromatic acid chlorides and N-(aminophenyl)anilines [I, R = NH2, H; R1 = NH2, H; R2 = NH2, 2-NHC6H3NH2, 3,4-H2N(PhNH)C6H3, 4-(o-H2NC6H4NH)C6H4; R3 = NHPh, H]. Such polyanilinoamides had higher mol. weight than when prepared in N-methylpyrrolidone and gave HCO2H- and H2SO4-soluble PBI which formed heat-stable films (weight loss began at 450-500.deg.). The films also had good mech. and dielec. properties. The PBI from 1,3-diamino-4,6-dianilinobenzene-terephthaloyl chloride copolymer

[26615-84-9] had sp. resistance >1012 ohm cm at 300.deg..

IT 52278-03-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and mech. and dielec. properties of)

RN 52278-03-2 HCAPLUS

CN Poly(1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,3-phenylene-1H-benzimidazole-2,1-diyl-1,4-phenylene) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)

26615-37-2P 28576-60-5P 31497-74-2P 39820-43-4P 39820-45-6P

39820-49-0P 52278-03-2P 52278-04-3P

52278-05-4P 52278-06-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and mech. and dielec. properties of)

L21 ANSWER 33 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1974:478732 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

81:78732

TITLE:

Poly(amide imides)

INVENTOR(S):

Kawamoto, Hisashi; Hayano, Osakazu Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. CODEN: JAXXAD

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
|                        |      |          |                 |              |
| JP 49002034            | B    | 19740118 | JP 1970-71371   | 197008<br>17 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | JP 1970-71371   | 197008<br>17 |

AB Imidazole compds. I [X = p-C6H4OC6H4-p, m-C6H4C6H4-m,p-C6H4CH2C6H4-p, (CH2)6], II, and III were treated with (p-H2NC6H4)2O (IV), m- or p-C6H4(NH2)2, and m-H2NC6H4C6H4NH2 in solvents to give poly(amide imides). For example, 1.001 g IV, 3.243g I (X = p-C6H4OC6H4-p), and 20 ml AcNMe2 were heated 4 hr at 120.deg. to give p,p'-bis[5-(1(H)-imidazolylcarbonyl)phthalimido]dip henyl ether-p,p'-diaminodiphenyl ether polymer [37453-34-2 ] forming tough cast film from AcNMe2 solution

IT 37453-34-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 37453-34-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1,1'-[oxybis[4,1-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindole-2,5-diyl)carbonyl]]bis-, polymer with 4,4'-oxybis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 35261-84-8 CMF C36 H20 N6 O7

CM 2

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

IC CO8G

CC 36-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 26010-80-0P **37453-34-2P**RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 34 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1974:478475 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

81:78475

TITLE:

Production of thermostable polymers in solid

phase

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Maruzen Oil Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Brit., 6 pp. CODEN: BRXXAA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

2

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE         |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| GB 1318685  | A    | 19730531 | GB 1971-10130   | 197104       |
| JP 49014152 | В    | 19740405 | JP 1970-42431   | 20<br>197005 |

JP 49015072 B 19740412 JP 1970-129896 197012 30

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1970-42431 A 197005 20

JP 1970-129896 A 197012 30

AB A blocked diisocyanate and a diamine, dialc., or diaminodicarboxylic acid were dissolved in 1:1 molar ratio in a solvent at room temperature and the solutes precipitated out or the solvent evaporated to obtain a mixture of monomers which was heated to form a polymer stable to 355-460.deg..

Thus, 3.23 g 2,2'-bis[p-[N-(phenoxycarbonyl)amino]phenyl]-5,5'-bibenzimidazole and 2.05 g 2,2'-(p-diaminophenyl)-5,5'-bibenzimidazole were dissolved in 9 g hexamethylphosphoramide, MeOH and hot water were added, the solution left 5 hr, and the precipitate collected and washed. The mixture was heated 5 hr at 210-20.deg. under N at atmospheric pressure and 2 hr at 290-300.deg. at 1 mm to give 96% 2,2'-[p-[N-(phenoxycarbonyl)amino]phenyl]-5,5'-bibenzimidazole-2,2'-(p-diaminophenyl)-5,5-bibenzimidazole copolymer inherent viscosity 0.37 at 0.2 g/100 ml concentrated H2SO4 at 30.deg. and < 5% weight loss heated to 460.deg. in the atmospheric

IT 42388-44-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 42388-44-3 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(1,1',4,4'-tetrahydro-2,2',4,4'-tetraoxo[6,6'-biquinazoline]-3,3'(2H,2'H)-diyl)-1,4-phenylene[5,5'-bi-1H-benzimidazole]-2,2'-diyl-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & O \\ N & N \end{bmatrix}_{n}$$

```
IC
     C08G
CC
     35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
                                                             42378-68-7P
     39421-37-9P
                 42378-65-4P
                                 42378-66-5P
                                               42378-67-6P
                   42388-42-1P
     42388-41-0P
                                 42388-43-2P 42388-44-3P
     42388-45-4P 42388-46-5P 42423-51-8P
     42423-52-9P 42423-53-0P
                                 42426-79-9P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
L21 ANSWER 35 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1973:85076 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         78:85076
                         Polybenzimidazoles
TITLE:
INVENTOR (S):
                         Sayigh, Adnan A. R.; Tucker, Benjamin W.;
                         Ulrich, Henri
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Upiohn Co.
                         U.S., 5 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     US 3708439
                                19730102
                                            US 1971-184621
                                                                   197109
                                                                   28
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1971-184621
                                                                   197109
AB
     One of 10 aromatic diamines N, N'-disubstituted with 2-aminophenyl
     groups, e.g. bis[N-(2-aminophenyl)-4-aminophenyl]methane (I) or
     4,4'-bis[N-(2-aminophenyl)amino]biphenyl, was synthesized and
     polycondensed with di-Ph isophthalate (II) or di-Ph
     biphenyl-4,4'-dicarboxylate to give a polybenzimidazole with good
     heat resistance and processability. Thus, bis(4-aminophenyl)methane
     and o-fluoronitrobenzene were heated in the presence of MgO and
     water at 240-50.deg. to give 51.7% bis[N-(2-nitrophenyl)-4-
     aminophenyl]methane which was reduced with H to give 71% I. A mixture
     of 1.9 g I and 1.49 g II was heated 4 hr at 200.deg., cooled, left
     overnight, and heated 5 hr at 300-60/0.005 mm to give 1.2 g
     bis (N-2-aminophenyl-4-aminophenyl) methane-isophthalic acid polymer
     (III) [38783-40-3] with mol. weight .sim.5000, m.p. 260-75.deg., and
     weight loss at 500.deg. in the air 5%.
IT
     40935-69-1P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
RN
     40935-69-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     Poly(1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,3-phenylene-1H-benzimidazole-2,1-
```

diyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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J n
```

```
C08G
INCL 260002000R
CC
     35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
     38783-40-3P
                   40850-41-7P
                                  40850-42-8P
                                                 40850-43-9P
                                                               40850-44-0P
     40850-45-1P 40935-69-1P
                                40935-70-4P
                                              40935-71-5P
     40935-86-2P
                   40935-87-3P
                                  41520-83-6P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
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L21 ANSWER 36 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1972:435014 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 77:35014

TITLE: Polyamide-imides prepared from diimidazolide

AUTHOR (S): Hayano, Fusakazu; Komoto, Hiroshi

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tech. Res. Lab., Asahi Chem. Ind. Co., Ltd.,

Tokyo, Japan

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Polymer Chemistry

> Edition (1972), 10(4), 1263-6 CODEN: JPLCAT; ISSN: 0449-296X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The diimidazolide, N,N'-(oxydi-p-phenylene)bis[4-(1imidazolylcarbonyl)phthalimide] (I) [35261-84-8], was prepared and treated with diamines R(NH2)2 [R = m-C6H4 or (p-C6H4)2M (M = O, CH2, SO2)] to form polyamide-imides(II). Thus, N,N'-(oxydi-pphenylene)bis[4-(chloroformyl)phthalimide] was treated with imidazole to form I, m.p. 240.deg.. I was treated with 4,4'-diaminodiphenyl ether in DMA to give II, R = (p-C6H4)20. inherent viscosity was 0.21(0.5 g in 100 ml DMA, 30.deg.).

IT 37453-34-2P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 37453-34-2 HCAPLUS

1H-Imidazole, 1,1'-[oxybis[4,1-phenylene(1,3-dihydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-CN isoindole-2,5-diyl)carbonyl]]bis-, polymer with 4,4'oxybis[benzenamine] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 35261-84-8 CMF C36 H20 N6 O7

CM 2

IT

CRN 101-80-4 CMF C12 H12 N2 O

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 25, 28

35261-84-8P 37453-34-2P 37453-35-3P

37453-36-4P 37605-29-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 37 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:414438 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:14438

TITLE: 1,1'-(m- and p-Phenylene)bis(2-tetrazoline-5-

thiones) as chelating ligands, ruthenium(III)

polymer chelates

AUTHOR (S): Johar, G. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., V. S. S. D. Coll., Kanpur, India

SOURCE: Labdev, Part A: Physical Sciences (1970), 8(3),

114-19

CODEN: LAPSBF; ISSN: 0368-7430

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

The reaction between two isomeric ligands, m-phenylenebis(2tetrazoline-5-thiones) or MDT-5, p-phenylene(2-tetrazoline-5-thione) or PDT-5 and Ru(III) ion were studied. Thiocarbonyl S and tetrazoline N are potential donors. The complexes are green, insol., and are polymeric in nature. Anal. of the complexes reveal 1:1 (Ru:ligand) and mol. formula Ru(C8H4N3S2)Cl. Magnetic susceptibility measurements show that Ru (PDT-5)Cl is paramagnetic with µeff 1.15 µB and Ru (MDT-5)Cl is diamagnetic. In comparison of the ir spectra of ligand and complexes, the HNC:S bands of the ligands due to mixed vibrations of vC:S, vC-N, and vC-H at 1500, 1310, 990, and 760 cm-1 are shifted from their

original position and 4 new bands around 1100, 1025, 574, and 400 cm-1 arise in the spectra of Nu complexes. The bands at 575 and 400 cm-1 are assigned to vRu-N and vRu-S, resp. The reflectance spectra of both complexes show 3 weak bands at 680, 570, and 400 m $\mu$  are assigned the transitions. 2Alg  $\rightarrow$  2A2g, 2Alg  $\rightarrow$  2A2gb, and 2A2g  $\rightarrow$  2Eg(b), resp.

IT 28258-83-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 28258-83-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(1+), [[1,1'-(1,3-phenylene)bis[1,2-dihydro-5H-tetrazole-5-thionato]](2-)-N4,S5]-, chloride, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 46981-97-9 CMF C8 H4 N8 Ru S2 . Cl CCI CCS

• cl -

CC 78 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
IT 24271-29-2DP, 2-Tetrazoline-5-thione, 1,1'-p-phenylenebis-,
ruthenium complexes 24950-73-0DP, 2-Tetrazoline-5-thione,
1,1'-m-phenylenebis-, ruthenium complexes 28258-82-4P
28258-83-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 38 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 19

1970:426619 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

73:26619

TITLE:

Fluorescent whiteners

INVENTOR(S):

Booth, Gary E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Procter and Gamble Co. Ger. Offen., 111 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|------|
|            |      |          |                 |      |
| DE 1949137 | Δ    | 10700402 | DE 1060 1040127 |      |
| DE 134313/ | A    | 19700423 | DE 1969-1949137 |      |

196909

| FR 2019511             | A5 | 19700703 | FR 1969-33185  | 29           |
|------------------------|----|----------|----------------|--------------|
| FR 2019311             | AS | 19700703 | FR 1909-33185  | 196909       |
| BE 739640              | A  | 19700331 | BE 1969-739640 | 29           |
|                        |    |          |                | 196909<br>30 |
| NL 6914755             | A  | 19700401 | NL 1969-14755  | 196909       |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |    |          | US 1968-763944 | 30<br>A      |
| :                      |    |          | ;              | 196809<br>30 |

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds., e.g., I, useful on cotton and nylon, are prepared by condensing difunctional fluorescent compds. with difunctional reagents. Thus, 4,2-H2N(H2NO2S)C6H3CH:CHC6H3(SO2NH2)NH2-2,4 was condensed with (CH2COC1)2 in Me2NCHO to give I (R2 = H, X = NH, Y = NHCOCH2CH2CO, Z = OH, R = SO2NH2, n = 2-10),  $\lambda max 349$  nm. Also prepared were I (R1, X, Y, Z, R, and n given): H, NH, Q (R = OMe), Cl, SO3Na, 2-10; H, NH, Q (R = NH2), Cl, SO3Na, 2-10; H, NH, NHCOCH2CH2CO, OH, SO2NH3, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = OMe), C1, SO2NH2, 2-10; H, NH, Q (R = NH2), Cl, SO2NH2, 2-12; HO, CO, CONH(CH2)6NH, H, H, 2-8; H, NH, NHCOCH2CH2CO, OH, H, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = OMe), Cl, H, 2-12; H, OCH2 (CHOH) 4CH2O2C, p-CH: CHC6H4CO, OCH2 (CHOH) 4CH2OH, H, 2-6; H, OCH2CH(OH)CH2O2C, p-CH:CHC6H4CO, OCH2CH(OH)CH2OH, H, 2-8; H, NH, NHCO(CH2)4CO, OH, SO2NH2, 2-8; H, NH, NHCO(CH2)8CO, OH; SO2NH2, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = OEt), Cl, SO3Na, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = Me), Cl, SO2NH2, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = OEt), Cl, SO2NH2, 2-12; HO, CO, CONH)CH2)3NH, H, H, 2-12; HO, CO, CONHCH2CH2NH, H, H, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = MeNEt), Cl, SO3Na, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = NMe2), Cl, SO3Na, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = NMe2), Cl, SO2NH2, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = EtCO), Cl, H, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = Me), Cl, H, 2-12; H, NH, Q (R = Me), Cl, SO3Na, 2-12; H, NH, NHCO(CH2)4CO, OH, H, 2-12; H, NH, NHCO(CH2)8CO, OH, H, 2-12; HO, CO, CONH(CH2)3NH, H, OMe, 3-8; H, O, O2CCH2CH2CO, OH, OMe, 2-10; H, NH, COCH2CH2CO, OH, SO3Na, 6-20. Twenty-eight addnl. compds. containing various heterocyclic ring systems are also described. IT 27660-57-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 27660-57-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[1H-benzimidazole-1,2-diyl-1,2-ethenediyl-1H-benzimidazole-2,1-diyl-1,2-ethanediyloxy(1,6-dioxo-1,6-hexanediyl)oxy-1,2-ethanediyl]
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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IÇ
     C07D
CC
     40 (Dyes, Fluorescent Whitening Agents, and Photosensitizers)
     27660-46-4P
                                                27660-49-7P
                   27660-47-5P
                                  27660-48-6P
                                                               27660-50-0P
     27660-51-1P
                   27660-52-2P
                                  27660-53-3P
                                                27660-54-4P
                                                               27660-55-5P
     27660-56-6P 27660-57-7P 27660-58-8P
                                                27680-79-1P
     27660-60-2P
                   27660-61-3P
                                  27660-62-4P
                                                               27680-80-4P
     27680-81-5P
                   27680-82-6P
                                  27680-83-7P
                                                27680-84-8P
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     27681-49-8P
                   27681-50-1P
                                  27681-51-2P
                                                27681-52-3P
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                                  27681-56-7P
                                                27681-57-8P
                                                               27681-58-9P
     27681-59-0P
                   27681-60-3P
                                  27681-61-4P
                                                27681-62-5P
                                                               27681-63-6P
     27681-64-7P
                   27681-65-8P
                                  27681-66-9P
                                                27734-71-0P
    27734-72-1P
                   27734-73-2P
                                  27734-74-3P
                                                27734-75-4P
     27734-76-5P
                   27734-77-6P
                                  27755-89-1P
                                                27903-53-3P
                                                               27903-54-4P
     28029-37-0P
                   29117-04-2P
                                  29117-05-3P
                                                29383-94-6P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of)
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L21 ANSWER 39 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

1970:410415 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

73:10415

TITLE:

Analytical applications of m- and p-phenylene-di(1-tetrazoline-5-thione). Gravimetric determination of ruthenium(III) in

presence of large amounts of rhodium(III)

AUTHOR (S):

Johar, G. S.; Agarwala, Umesh

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Chem., V.S.S.D. Coll., Kanpur, India

SOURCE:

Talanta (1970), 17(4), 355-9

CODEN: TLNTA2; ISSN: 0039-9140

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

A simple and rapid method is described for the gravimetric determination of Ru(III) with 2 new isomeric reagents, m- and p-phenylenedi-1tetrazoline-5-thione. Solns. containing mg-amts. of Ru(III) on treatment with the Me2CO or EtOH solns. of the reagents at pH 5.5-7.0 give a quant. yield of an intensely green insol. 1:1 complex, which can be easily filtered off and dried at 110-15°. Amts. of Ru down to 0.5 mg can be determined with fairly good accuracy and precision. Even large amts. of Rh do not cause any interference. Pd(II), Pt(IV), Au(III), Ir(IV), Bi, Fe(III), Cu(II), Hg(I), Hg(II), Pb, Cd, Tl(I), and Ag interfere.

IT 28258-83-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(spectrum of)

RN 28258-83-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ruthenium(1+), [[1,1'-(1,3-phenylene)bis[1,2-dihydro-5H-tetrazole-5thionato]](2-)-N4,S5]-, chloride, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1

CRN 46981-97-9

CMF C8 H4 N8 Ru S2 . Cl

CCI CCS

79 (Inorganic Analytical Chemistry)

28258-82-4 28258-83-5

RL: PRP (Properties) (spectrum of)

L21 ANSWER 40 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:57742 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

70:57742

TITLE:

Synthesis of some new di- and

poly(3,4-disubstituted-5- mercapto1,2,4triazoles) and their methylthio ester

derivatives

AUTHOR (S):

Budeanu, Constantin H.

SOURCE:

Analele Stiintifice ale Universitatii Al. I. Cuza din Iasi, Sectiunea 1c: Chimie (1967),

13(2), 179-90

CODEN: AUZCAZ; ISSN: 0041-9117

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal Romanian

A new series of heterocyclic compds. containing 2 nuclei of 1,2,4-triazole with a thiol group in position 5, and 2 different substituents in positions 3 and 4 were prepared Cyclization was effected in an almost theoretical yield of very pure substances when dilute NaOH was boiled with 4-substituted-1-acylatedthiosemicarbazides. Thus, 3 g. 1,1'-malonylbis[4phenylthiosemicarbazide] is dissolved in 20 cc. 2N NaOH, the solution boiled 2 hrs., cooled, neutralized with dilute HCl, and suction-filtered, and the solid washed with H2O and dried to give 2.7 g. 3,3'-methylenebis[5-mercapto-4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazole] (I), m. 303-4° (EtOH). Similarly prepared were: 3,3'-methylenebis[4phenyl-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole], m. 308-9°; 4,4'-p-phenylenebis[3-phenyl-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole] (IIa), m. 380° (HCONMe2-H2O); 4,4'-(ethylenedi-p-phenylene)-bis[3phenyl-5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole] (IIb), m. 308-10° (EtOH); poly[3,3'-methylene-4,4'-p-phenylenebis(5-mercapto-1,2,4-triazole], (II), m.>350° (HCONMe2-H2O); and the 4,4'-(ethylenedi-pphenylene) analog (III), m. 330° (softens) (H2O- HCONMe2).

Treatment of these in dilute NaOH with Me2SO4 gave the S-Me ethers.

To a clear and chilled solution of 1.8 g. I in 15 cc. 2N NaOH 2.5 cc. Me2SO4 and 10 cc. 2N NaOH was added with stirring, and the precipitate suction-filtered, washed with H2O, and dried to give 1.9 g. 3,3'-methylenebis[4-phenyl-5-methylthio-1,-2,4-triazole], m. 237-9° (EtOH). Similarly prepared were: 3,3'-methylenebis[4phenyl-5-methylthio-1,2,4-triazole], m. 267-9° (EtOH); 4,4'-p-phenylenebis[3-phenyl-5-methylthio-1,2,4-triazole], m. 281-3° (EtOH); 4,4'-(ethylenedi-p-phenylene)bis[3-phenyl-5methylthio-1,2,4-triazole], 221-3° (EtOH); the S-Me ether of II, m. 266° (decomposition) (H2O-HCONMe2); and the SMe ether of III, m. 160° (softens) (H2O-HCONMe2). In all cases methylation yields were quant. 28780-92-9P

IT

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

RN 28780-92-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[(5-mercapto-4H-1,2,4-triazole-4,3-diyl)methylene(5-mercapto-4H-1,2,4-triazole-3,4-diyl)-1,4-phenylene] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CC 28 (Heterocyclic Compounds (More Than One Hetero Atom)) IT 21776-82-9P 21776-79-4P 21776-80-7P 21776-81-8P 21776-83-0P 21776-84-1P 21776-85-2P 21819-67-0P 28780-92-9P 28780-93-0P 28780-94-1P 28780-95-2P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

L21 ANSWER 41 OF 41 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1968:96232 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 68:96232

Polytetrazoles and poly(aminotetrazoles) TITLE:

AUTHOR (S): Dyer, Elizabeth; Christie, Peter A. CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. of Delaware, Newark, DE, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Polymer Science, Polymer Chemistry

Edition (1968), 6(4), 729-42 CODEN: JPLCAT; ISSN: 0449-296X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Poly(aminotetrazoles) were obtained by the action of hydrazoic acid on solns. of polycarbodiimides prepared from methylenebis (4-phenyl isocyanate), toluene 2,4-diisocyanate, 3,3'-dimethoxy-4,4'biphenylene diisocyanate, mesitylene diisocyanate, and hexamethylene diisocyanate. The poly(aminotetrazoles), which were soluble only in concentrated sulfuric acid, had inherent viscosities of 0.12-0.78. Polymerization of the disodium salts of ditetrazoles with  $\alpha, \omega$ -dihalides gave polytetrazoles without the secondary amine linkage in the chain. The bistetrazoles used were methylenedi(5-tetrazole) and 5,5'-p-phenyleneditetrazole, and the dihalides were  $\alpha,\alpha'$ -dichloro-p-xylene, 1,2-dibromoethane, and 1,4-dibromobutane. The polytetrazoles were soluble in concentrated sulfuric acid and had low inherent viscosities, 0.08-0.17. Thermogravimetric anal. showed that marked degradation of both classes of polymers occurred at 250-300°. 17 references.

IT 31692-16-7P

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RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 31692-16-7 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[1H-tetrazole-1,5-diylimino(3,3'-dimethoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'diyl)], α-[4'-[[[(4-bromophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-3,3'dimethoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-ω-[[[(4bromophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-A

35 (Synthetic High Polymers) 16959-10-7P 19300-32-4P CC

31692-15-6P **31692-16-7P** 

31692-18-9P 31692-17-8P 31692-19-0P 31692-20-3P 31692-21-4P

31799-79-8P

IT

=>

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

02/22/2007